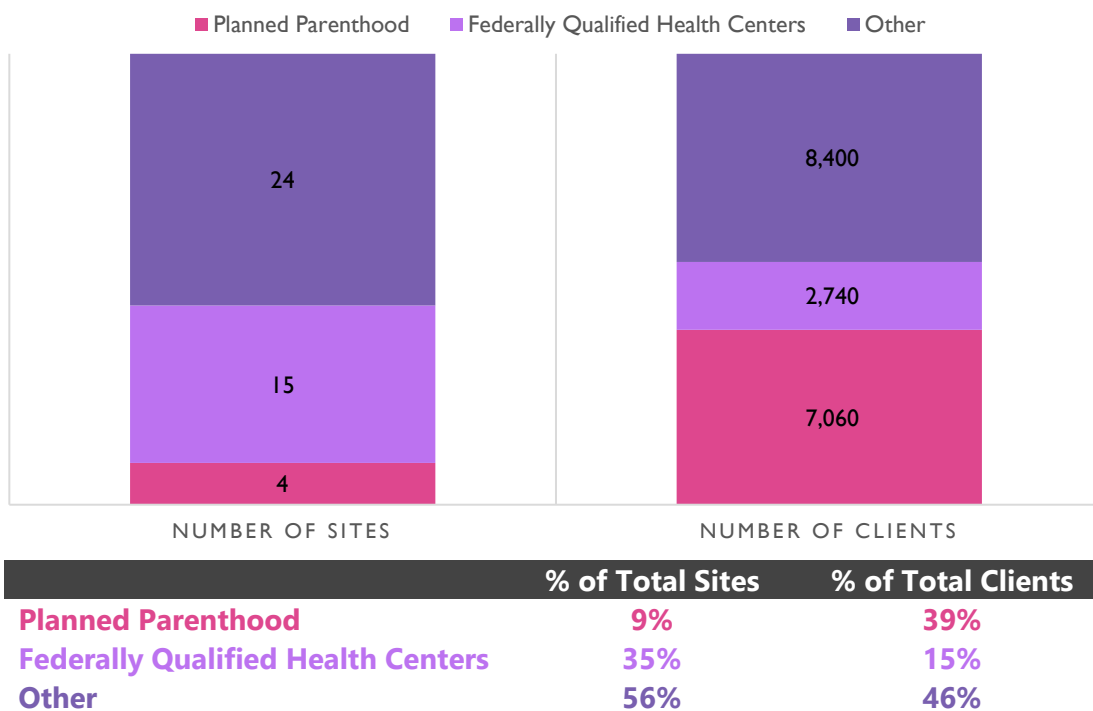


Title X in Maine

Senate Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Committee, Democratic Staff

In Maine in 2015, there were **43** Title X–funded sites operated by different types of agencies. Collectively these Title X–funded sites delivered contraceptive care to **18,200** women in Maine. Title X–supported Planned Parenthood health centers served **39 percent** of these women.

TITLE X-FUNDED SITES AND CLIENTS SERVED IN MAINE BY AGENCY TYPE

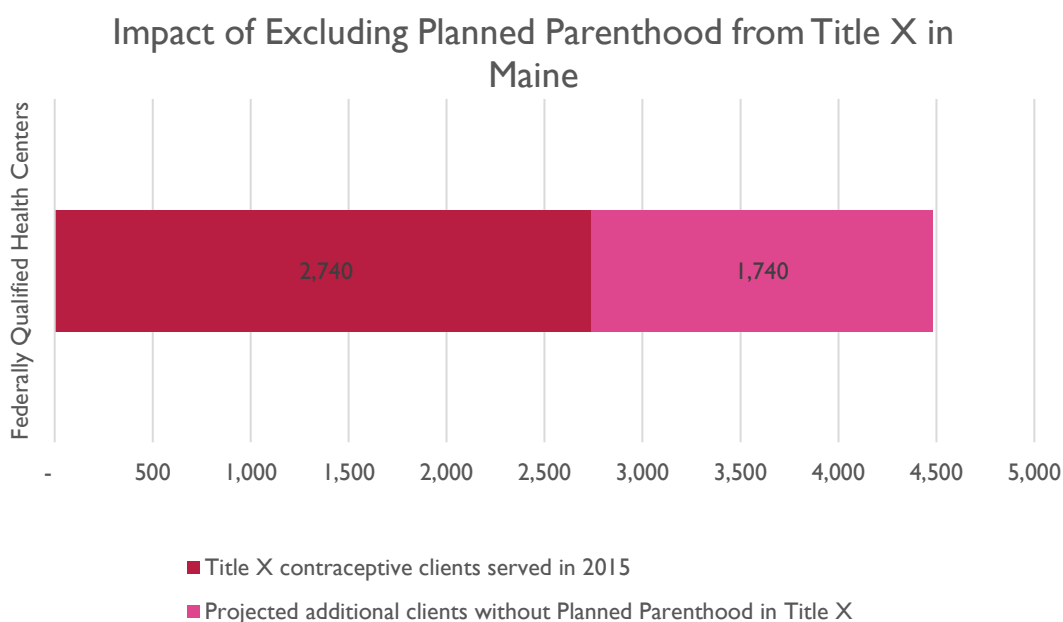


In 2015, Title X–supported contraceptive services helped Maine women to **prevent 3,900 unintended pregnancies and 1,300 abortions**. Title X–funded sites in Maine delivered contraceptive care to 3,710 female adolescent clients (under age 20), helping them to prevent **1,000 unintended pregnancies and 300 abortions**.

Source: [Publicly Funded Contraceptive Services at U.S. Clinics, 2015, Guttmacher Institute \(Apr. 2017\)](#)

IMPACT OF POTENTIAL THREATS TO TITLE X IN MAINE

If Planned Parenthood were excluded from Title X, all other types of Title X-funded sites in Maine would have to increase their contraceptive client caseloads by **63 percent** to serve the women who currently obtain contraceptive care from Planned Parenthood health centers, as illustrated below.



If all Title X funds were redirected only to federally qualified health center sites that serve at least 10 contraceptive clients a year in Maine, those sites would have to **at least triple their contraceptive client caseloads** to maintain the current reach of Title X.

For more state-specific detail on the impact of:

- excluding Planned Parenthood from Title X, see this [June 2017 analysis](#) (esp. [Table 2](#)).
- redirecting all Title X funds to FQHC sites, see this [May 2017 analysis](#) (esp. [Table 5](#)).

For a brief national-level policy analysis, including maps and infographics, [click here](#).