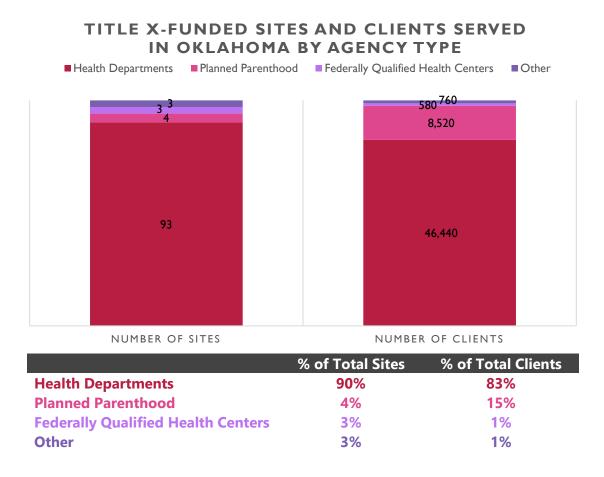
Title X in Oklahoma

Senate Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Committee, Democratic Staff

In Oklahoma in 2015, there were **103** Title X–funded sites operated by different types of agencies. Collectively these Title X–funded sites delivered contraceptive care to **56,290** women in Oklahoma. Title X–supported Planned Parenthood health centers served **15 percent** of these women.

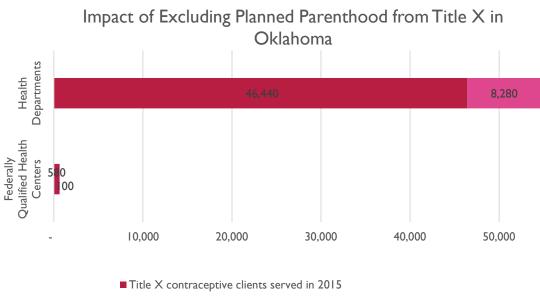


In 2015, Title X–supported contraceptive services helped Oklahoma women to **prevent 12,100 unintended pregnancies and 4,100 abortions**. Title X–funded sites in Oklahoma delivered contraceptive care to 13,310 female adolescent clients (under age 20), helping them to prevent **3,700 unintended pregnancies and 1,100 abortions**.

Source: Publicly Funded Contraceptive Services at U.S. Clinics, 2015, Guttmacher Institute (Apr. 2017)

IMPACT OF POTENTIAL THREATS TO TITLE X IN OKLAHOMA

If Planned Parenthood were excluded from Title X, all other types of Title X-funded sites in Oklahoma would have to increase their contraceptive client caseloads by **18 percent** to serve the women who currently obtain contraceptive care from Planned Parenthood health centers, as illustrated below.



Projected additional clients without Planned Parenthood in Title X

If all Title X funds were redirected only to federally qualified health center sites that serve at least 10 contraceptive clients a year in Oklahoma, those sites would have to **increase their contraceptive client caseloads by a factor of five or more** to maintain the current reach of Title X.

For more state-specific detail on the impact of:

- excluding Planned Parenthood from Title X, see this June 2017 analysis (esp. Table 2).
- redirecting all Title X funds to FQHC sites, see this May 2017 analysis (esp. Table 5).

For a brief national-level policy analysis, including maps and infographics, click here.